

November 15, 1918

LEXINGTON, KENTUCKY

Vol. I. No. 21

**BRITISH MISSION TO BE ENTERTAINED AT U. OF KY.**

The University of Kentucky will entertain Dr. Arthur Everett Shipley, the Reverend Edward Mewburn Walker, Sir Henry Jones and Dr. John Joly, members of the British Educational Mission, now on a 90 days' visit to the United States, who will come to Lexington, Thursday, November 21, at the invitation of President McVey.

President McVey, Dean F. P. Anderson, Dean C. R. Melcher, Doctor W. D. Funkhauser and Enoch Grehan, the committee on entertainment, have arranged the program tentatively to consist of an inspection of University war work, an inspection of Col. E. H. Taylor's famous Hereford Farm; review of S. A. T. C., and public dinner. All details of the program have not been completed.

Arthur Everett Shipley, Sc.D., Vice-Chancellor of the University of Cambridge, is well known in the United States, in which he has on several occasions been an honored guest. He is an honorary D.Sc. of Princeton University, Foreign Member of the American Association of Economic Entomologists and of the Helminthological Society of Washington. Dr. Shipley is a member of the Central Medical War Committee of Great Britain. He holds many offices of great responsibility.

The Rev. Edward Mewburn Walker has played a large part in the life of the University of Oxford during the last thirty years. Senior Tutor of Queen's College and a member of the Hebdomadal Council which is charged with the administrative work of the University, he illustrates in his own person the characteristic feature—the federation of a number of autonomous colleges into a larger corporation.

Mr. Walker's scholastic interests lie in the field of Ancient History, and particularly Greek History, on its constitutional side. On this subject he has contributed many articles to the Encyclopedia Britannica and other publications and has written a book on the Hellenica Oxyrhynchia, its authorship and authority.

Mr. Walker is a clergyman of the Church of England and has been Select Preacher on several occasions to the University of Oxford.

Sir Henry Jones, Professor of Moral Philosophy in Glasgow University, is, as his name implies, a Welshman. He is, in fact, one of Mr. Lloyd George's oldest personal friends, and as the Prime Minister is the greatest living representative of Welsh political life, so Sir Henry Jones is regarded in Wales as the greatest representative of literary and academic Wales.

Many honors have fallen to Sir Henry. He is an LL.D. of St. Andrews, a D. Litt. of the University of Wales, a Fellow of the British Academy. He served nine years as Hibbert Lecturer in Metaphysics in Manchester College, Oxford. He gave the Tennyson Centenary lecture of the British Academy, and has held many of the foundational lecturerships of British universities and learned societies. He received the honor of knighthood in 1912.

John Joly, M.A., B.A., Engineering, D.Sc., has been Professor of Geology and Mineralogy in the University of Dublin for the last 20 years. He was born in Ireland in 1857 and educated at Trinity College.

For more than 30 years he has carried on research in physics, and especially in the application of physics to engineering.

One of his earliest inventions was the steam calorimeter, by means of which he succeeded in determining directly the specific heats of gases at constant volume. This was a problem in experimental science which had long baffled physicists.

Distinguished as a physicist, he is more widely known as a pioneer in the modern method of photography in colors.

Among his many publications are to be noted—Radio-activity and Geology, Synchronous Signalling in Naviga-

**COUNCIL OF DEFENSE SUGGESTS "OLD RUBBER DAY"**

The Southern Representative of the Council of National Defense has just suggested a means of raising money for the use of County Councils of Defense.

Advise a day to be agreed upon as "Old Rubber Day."

Select a day, a sufficient time in the future, to get word to the residents of your county that on this day the Council expects donations of all the old rubber thrown aside in houses, barns, and garages throughout the county. Old automobile tires and tubes will be especially desired.

Have a place of deposit for these materials, either in the court house yard or the street immediately in front of the court house. You have no idea how much of this material will be donated, and quite a sum can be raised by your Council in this way.

After such a campaign has been successfully carried out you may find it of advantage to establish headquarters for rummage sales at which patriotic citizens will donate old furniture, farming implements, etc., the proceeds from the sale going to the County Council.

**WAR NOT OVER: DEFENSE WORK MUST GO FORWARD**

The Kentucky Council of Defense has just received the following telegram from the Council of National Defense at Washington: Kentucky Council of Defense, Inter-Southern Building, Louisville, Ky.

"It is of primary importance that the receipt of the German note should not in any way result in the slowing down of war activities. Will you therefore immediately call the attention of all members of the State, County and Community Councils of Defense to the absolute necessity of supporting and continuing all war activities with unabated zeal?"

"We may safely trust the President to guard our interests and direct our diplomacy. Our duty is to give strength to his arm. He will know how to use it.

(Signed) "Franklin K. Lane."

**WAR WORK CAMPAIGN TO START NOV. 11 IN STATE**

A great drive for funds was started throughout Kentucky by the United War Work Campaign Committee Nov. 11th and will continue to Nov. 18th inclusive. The President of the United States, the War Department and the Council of National Defense have endorsed and sanctioned the raising throughout the country the sum of \$170,500,000 for carrying out war work plans of the Young Men's Christian Association, Young Women's Christian Association, National Catholic War Council, Jewish Welfare Board, War Camp Community Service, American Library Association and Salvation Army. The quota for Kentucky is \$1,770,800.

The Council of National Defense has requested the Kentucky Council of Defense through its County Councils and Community Councils to assist in all ways looking to the raising of the amount. On receipt of this bulletin, County Councils of Defense are urged to call meetings of County Councils in conjunction with the County Directors of the War Work Campaign, and offer assistance. Get word to Community Councils that no more important work devolves upon them at this time than the raising of each county's quota in the shortest possible time.

The Government has a right to expect each one to do his part. The boys "Over There" and in camps "Over Here" need your help.

The Birth-time of the World, and a number of contributions to various scientific journals, notably to the "Philosophical Magazine," of which he has been one of the editors for many years.

**DETECTING OF DESERTERS IS A PATRIOTIC DUTY**

On September 26th, the Kentucky Council of Defense sent a bulletin to all County Councils of Defense in reference to detection of deserters and draft evaders. This bulletin was sent at the request of the Council of National Defense, to whom the Adjutant General of the War Department appealed for aid in detection of such delinquents.

From time to time names of men will be sent from various counties, who are absent without leave from Camp Zachary Taylor, Camp Henry Knox or any of the other military establishments.

When this information arrives recipients should make it their duty either through their Council or some one appointed for this purpose to persuade delinquents to return to service.

**100 PER CENT ACREAGE OF WHEAT FORECAST FOR 1919**

Only a few counties have yet reported to the State Council of Defense results of their campaigns to increase wheat acreage for next year. If reports from these counties, however, can be taken as a criterion the acreage in Kentucky in 1919 will surpass by approximately 100 per cent, the acreage devoted to wheat in 1918.

Barren County was the first to make a complete report. J. R. Richardson, secretary of the Barren County Council of Defense, stated that their campaign closed on August 26, with a canvass of a total of 310,919 acres. Of this number 19,226 acres were pledged for wheat growing during the forthcoming year. Barren County's wheat acreage in 1918 totaled only 9,730 acres.

In making the canvass the County Council of Defense divided the county into 140 school districts, with captains and lieutenants faithfully canvassing every farm.

W. T. Kenton, of Mt. Olivet, chairman of the County Council of Defense in Robertson county, reported that 2,080½ acres have been pledged for wheat this fall against 791 acres in the county devoted to wheat raising last year.

The canvass in Daviess County, under the direction of J. W. Whitehouse, County Agricultural Agent, was completed in one day, 128 men participating in the wheat survey. Daviess County will have 18,510 acres of wheat the coming year, as against 11,463 acres last year, an increase of 62 per cent.

Report from Graves county, compiled when only seventy out of 107 school districts had turned in pledges, indicates that a total acreage of 20,000 will be devoted to wheat this year. The report was made by J. W. Kevil, of Mayfield, chairman of the County Council of Defense. The seventy school districts heard from at the time the report was made, pledged 16,655 acres as against 4,081 acres in the same districts for this year. The wheat acreage of the entire county in 1918 was only 6,600.

**HIGH SCHOOL STUDENTS ADMITTED TO THE S. A. T. C.**

President McVey has reported to the Senate of the University of Kentucky that he had received a telegram from the War Department, authorizing the University to admit students to the S. A. T. C. who have not the prescribed number of high school units, but who, in the judgment of the committee, seemed competent to pursue one of the programs prescribed for the S. A. T. C. The President recommended as a war measure that students with thirteen credits, who desired admission to the S. A. T. C., be admitted to the University without examination.

The President further recommended that if this authority was granted it should be exercised only with the view of completing the quota of the Students' Army Training Corps. The Council approved the President's recommendation.

**CITIZENS WARNED OF DUTY IN GREAT EPIDEMIC**

To the County Councils of Defense:

A serious epidemic threatens the people of our State. Spanish influenza, a throat and nose disease of virulent form, has attacked the people in many counties. In some cases, death has resulted. The loss in man power has seriously handicapped the "Win the War" program.

In order to prevent the spread of this disease, your County Council should warn the people of your county to obey the proclamation of the State Board of Health and should co-operate in every way possible with your County Board of Health. Urge the people of your county to avoid crowds at all times, and report to the County Board of Health all violations of the order of the State Board of Health closing all places of amusements, churches and halls where crowds are accustomed to gather. When the County Board of Health is inactive it may be necessary to report to the State Board of Health.

If all of the people help, the danger of the epidemic will soon be over and the ban lifted.

Kentucky Council of Defense, Edward W. Hines, Chairman, Wm. D. Cochran, Chairman, Com. on Health and Edu.

**SHORT AGRICULTURAL COURSE TO BE OPENED NOVEMBER 25**

In order to meet conditions incident to the war, the Agricultural College of the University of Kentucky has arranged to conduct a series of short courses in agriculture, beginning November 25th, each lasting two weeks and each so concentrating upon one single branch as to give the farmer a good working knowledge of that particular subject. For example, one wishing to study farm tractors can take a two-weeks' course in that subject alone and get back to his farm without having seriously neglected his business at home.

It has been the custom of the Agricultural College to offer a continuous ten-weeks' course each winter, but the scarcity of farm labor and other conditions incident to war have made the new arrangement necessary. Those who wish to continue studying through a period of fourteen weeks may take a series of two weeks' courses on different subjects, and thus employ their time to great advantage through the winter.

Work will be provided especially for women, on such subjects as dress-making, millinery, making over and remodeling clothing, planning meals, home cooking and table serving, meats and meat substitutes, besides a number of such subjects as poultry raising, gardening, fruit raising, home conveniences, dairy manufactures and meat curing, in which women as well as men are directly interested.

In addition to these subjects, courses are offered in soils and crops, farm motors, farm management, horticulture, animal feeding, live-stock judging, beekeeping, diseases of animals, plant diseases, injurious insects and marketing.

The first of these courses will open November 25th and each course will be repeated two or three times during the winter. This is done for a double purpose; first to suit the convenience of those wishing to attend and second to prevent overcrowding classes.

Permission to enroll must be obtained by letter or otherwise before coming to the University.

Everything is free to residents of Kentucky. No educational qualifications are required for entrance, as these short courses are designed expressly for the benefit of active farmers and their families. Particulars may be obtained by addressing Thomas Cooper, Dean of the College of Agriculture, University of Kentucky, Lexington, Ky.

**DECISIVE STEPS TAKEN TO STAMP OUT EPIDEMIC**

Regulations enforced for prevention of the spread of influenza at the University of Kentucky by the State Board of Health caused the institution to be closed, Thursday, October 4, to all students not of the Student Army Training Corps, Maxwell and Patterson Halls. The week following it was found necessary to prohibit the gathering of students for class work, supervised study or lectures and since, despite precaution, influenza had developed among students both in the barracks and the halls, every attention was turned to the eradication of the epidemic.

The patients were given the careful attention of physicians and nurses on the campus and in the hospitals of Lexington and a volunteer organization of Lexington women assisted the professional staff. The result of the combined effort has been so successful that the institution will be opened November 11 for classes.

**SOME COUNTIES LAX IN APPOINTING HISTORIANS**

Up to this time the State Council of Defense has not been notified that appointments have been made of historians in every county of the State. This must be done at once.

In order to push forward this work of collecting and preserving the records of soldiers and sailors in service from various counties, as well as war activities of the civilians, it is highly important that County Councils promptly select Historians for their counties, and notify the State Historian of such appointments.

A great many appointed historians, and forms and suggestions have been sent to them, so that their work is now getting well under way. When the history of Kentucky's part in the war is written, if the part which a given county takes does not appear in that history it will be a matter of keen regret. Records made now will be invaluable in a few years.

County Historians' names should be sent to Fred P. Caldwell, State Historian, 1014 Inter-Southern Building, Louisville, Ky.

**OBEEY ORDERS AND HELP TO LIFT EPIDEMIC BAN**

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**NINE MEN SENT TO OTHER CAMPS**

Since the opening of the University in September nine men have been sent for work to other camps. Early in October five were sent to Fortress Monroe. They were: H. L. Fremd, Eminence; W. R. David, Lexington; L. B. Clarke, Maysville; L. F. Bischof, Louisville, and C. F. Johnson, Mayfield. Those who went to Camp Hancock, October 19th were: Merrett Cockrell, Atlanta, Ga.; H. T. Adair, and Thornton Connell, Paris, and Bernard Moosnick, Nicholasville.