

HOW STUDENTS ENTER ARMY TRAINING CORPS

Intense interest is being manifested in the Students' Army Training Corps, and in the way in which boys may enter into it.

The Students' Army Training Corps was created by the War Department for the purpose of finding material for the officers' training camps, and in order to do this corps have been established at many colleges and universities throughout the country.

In some schools the corps are divided into two sections, known as Section A and Section B. Section A is the college section. In order to enter this section boys must be 18 years old and graduates of accredited high schools with not less than thirteen units. If students have less than thirteen units or are not graduates of such schools, they may be admitted upon the passing of certain examinations.

Section B, or the vocational section, is created for the purpose of training mechanics—what the Army calls fighting mechanics. The basis of admission to this group is a grammar school education or better and the fact that the boy is eighteen years old. The avenue of admission to Section B has been through designation of applicants by county draft boards on calls from the officers in charge of the selective service of the State.

The University of Kentucky has been running a vocational group since May. It has provisions for running this group throughout the year. A new group has just arrived at the University from the State of Kentucky. This group will finish its training about November 15, when a new group will come to the institution. It is presumed that the next group will be recruited by the University by voluntary enlistment.

Men who are inducted into Students' Army Training Corps receive the pay of privates and are given subsistence and housing as well as tuition. They are expected, however, to purchase their own books for any courses they may have to use in instruction.

Each three months men will be sent to the officers' training schools in various parts of the country. Their selection will depend upon the progress which they may make while they are in school.

COMMUNITY COUNCILS ARE DOING GOOD WORK

Much interest in the development of Community Councils of Defense is being manifested throughout the State. The County Councils of Harlan, Knox, Whitley, Clay, Bell and Powell have recently reported organization of Community Councils.

Many County Councils have reported increased wheat acreage this fall. Complete tabulation is being made and results of the wheat campaign will be sent out later.

The last meeting of the Kentucky Council of Defense was held at Bowling Green, Ky., September 25. The meeting was held in the Administration Building of Eastern Kentucky Normal School. The County Councils of Warren, Allen, Barren, Edmonson, Butler, Logan, Todd, Muhlenberg, Christian and Hart Counties have been invited to attend this meeting.

LIBERTY LOAN CAMPAIGN BEGINS SEPTEMBER 28

It is the duty of every member of each County Council of Defense and each Community Council of Defense to aid those actively in charge of obtaining subscriptions to the Fourth Liberty Loan in their respective counties. The campaign for the Fourth Liberty Loan will begin September 28th and close October 19th.

The loan will be a test of the loyalty and willingness of the people to make sacrifices at home.

Consult with the Chairman of the Fourth Liberty Loan Drive in your county; do whatever you can to help in this great undertaking.

GOVERNOR STANLEY TO THE PEOPLE OF KENTUCKY

PROCLAMATION

TO THE PEOPLE OF KENTUCKY, GREETING:

WHEREAS, millions of the flower of American youth have answered their country's call and are now bravely battling across the sea for the preservation of this Republic and the liberation of all mankind; and

WHEREAS, it is the sacred duty of every American citizen to support and sustain those who are now sacrificing their lives for us and for the preservation of these institutions;

THEREFORE, I, A. O. Stanley, Governor of the Commonwealth of Kentucky, do earnestly call upon every patriot to be ever mindful:

1. All honor is due our dauntless defenders whose valor has thrilled half the world in arms and who now are fighting and falling in defense of home and country.

2. To the Government is due at this time an undivided and unflinching loyalty.

3. This war is to be won by materials as well as men, and the conservation of food is as essential as the mobilization of armies. All may not fight, but all can serve and every citizen should dedicate his talents and his energies to the production and the conservation of food and fuel. Without either the genius of generals and the efforts of armies are vain.

a. Every farmer is urged to sow more wheat this fall and to plant more corn next spring, since wheat and corn form the basis of the Nation's food supply.

b. All persons are urged to can this fall products of their home gardens and to plant next spring larger home gardens than ever. If you cannot purchase or till a farm, you can plant and cultivate a garden spot, and each citizen at this time should do his bit. Every ounce of food produced is that much saved for the boys in khaki.

4. Every able-bodied citizen should work or fight. There is no place under the Stars and Stripes for a slacker or an idler. The sluggard and the coward in this hour of stress and peril shall not escape the fixed finger of scorn.

5. War has multiplied the duties of public officials and inordinately increased the burdens of industry and commerce. Every honest official and every enterprise essential to the prosecution of this war deserves and should receive the encouragement of patriotic citizens.

6. It is a part of the German propaganda to endeavor to break the high morale and the indomitable purpose of American patriots by the spreading of rumors discrediting officials, reflecting upon the Red Cross, misrepresenting the conditions of our troops in cantonments and in the field and exaggerating casualties. Such rumors should never be repeated. Those who utter them should be heard in silence, watched with suspicion, and their names reported to the proper authorities.

7. The time has come to dedicate our all to the service of our country. Our lives and our fortunes alike should be freely given. Those blessed with the vigor of youth have offered their lives. Let others be not less sparing of their fortunes. Every dollar not essential to the conduct of business or the proper maintenance of our families, under the strictest economy, should be invested in Liberty Bonds or War Savings Stamps.

8. As an army's strength is in its discipline and in its organization, so a community's power is multiplied by wise co-operation and the co-ordination of all war activities. It is the duty of every country-loving citizen to co-operate with the organizations wisely established by this Government; to aid the Kentucky Council of National Defense, and wherever possible to personally cooperate with your local council. Every church and school house should become the center for patriotic thought and the basis of patriotic endeavor.

IN TESTIMONY WHEREOF, I have caused these letters to be made patent, and the seal of the Commonwealth to be hereunto affixed. Done at Frankfort, the 6th day of August, in the year of our Lord one thousand nine hundred and eighteen, and in the one hundred and twenty-seventh year of the Commonwealth.

A. O. STANLEY,
Governor of Kentucky.

Attest:
JAS. P. LEWIS,
Secretary of State
By E. MATT KARR,
Assistant Secretary of State

Issued by the Kentucky Council of Defense with the permission of the Governor.

HIGH SCHOOLS ASKED TO ESTABLISH QUARTER SYSTEM

The high schools of the State are urged to dovetail their work into the war plans that are now being worked out by the War Department, and place their courses of study on a quarter system so that the boys in the school may be able to get their diplomas as promptly as possible.

Boys who are high school graduates from accredited high schools are admitted to the Students' Army Training Corps in the Colleges of the State. This corps is to furnish material for the Officers' Training Schools. After three months the Government will call upon these colleges to designate

men who in the opinion of the President of the institution, and the army officer in command, are capable of meeting physical and mental requirements of Officers' Training Schools. In order to keep up the supply of material high schools should endeavor to maintain as large classes as possible and to make it possible for boys to get their diplomas as early as the reorganized curriculum will permit.

RAILROADS GREATLY IN NEED OF LABORERS

The widest publicity possible should be given to the fact that one thousand common laborers are needed at Camp Knox, Stichton, Ky. Loaded cars, which are much need-

MERCHANTS ASKED TO OBSERVE DEFENSE REQUEST

The Council of National Defense authorizes the following statement:

"The Council of National Defense has heretofore emphasized the necessity of restricting Christmas buying during the coming fall for certain specific reasons which it has stated. These reasons are in brief the necessity for saving labor and material in the manufacture and sale of Christmas gifts and of saving the transportation and delivery facilities necessarily involved in the large volume of Christmas purchases.

"After conference with representatives of leading industries and retail interests concerned, it is found that the manufacture of goods for the coming holiday season has been substantially completed, that the transportation of goods to the point of sale is also largely done and that much of the material used for Christmas purchases, especially in the manufacture of toys, is the waste material derived from prior processes of manufacture.

"The retail interests represented at the conference have agreed not to increase their working forces by reason of the holiday business in excess of the average force employed by them throughout the year and not to increase the normal working hours of their forces during the Christmas season. They also agreed to use their utmost efforts to confine Christmas giving, except for young children, to useful articles and to spread the period for holiday purchases over the months of October, November, and December. In order to relieve the transportation facilities dealers have agreed to endeavor to induce their customers to carry their own packages whenever possible.

"The retail interests to which reference has been made have further agreed to make an announcement to the above substantial effect in their advertisements commencing in early September and repeating it weekly thereafter. These suggestions, if faithfully and loyally put into effect throughout the country will make possible a continuance of the holiday custom without endangering the national interests thereby.

"The merchants appearing before the Council were brought together by the Chamber of Commerce of the United States, acting through its General Secretary, Elliott Goodwin. Their names are as follows:

"N. M. Henderson, The Henderson-Hoyt Company, Oshkosh, Wisconsin, Merchant.

"A. S. Campbell, Louis Meyer & Son, Glove Manufacturers of New York.

"Charles Hurd, Jordan-Marsh Company, Boston, Mass., Buyer of Hosiery.

"C. G. Nutting, Marshall Field & Co., Chicago, Ill., Buyer of Handkerchiefs.

"Harry T. Grand, Marshall Field & Co., Chicago, Ill., Buyer of Toys.

"A. C. Gilbert, A. C. Gilbert Co., New Haven, Conn., Manufacturer of Toys.

"Victor W. Sincere, The Bailey Co., Cleveland, Ohio, Merchant.

"E. L. Howe, Secretary and Treasurer, National Retail Dry Goods Association, representing six hundred dry goods and department stores of the country.

"James B. Reynolds, Washington, D. C., attorney for the toy manufacturers.

"H. C. Ives, Bridgeport, Connecticut, Toys.

"Albert T. Scharps, Treasurer, Lionell Manufacturing Company, New York, Toys.

"Fletcher D. Dodge, Secretary, Toy Manufacturers Association of America."

ed by the railroads, are now held up for want of laborers to unload them, and laborers are also needed in construction work.

A patriotic appeal should be made to laborers in every county to offer themselves for this service. Application may be made to U. S. Employment Office, 525 W. Market St., Louisville, Ky.

NON-WAR CONSTRUCTION MUST BE CURTAILED

The Council of National Defense, through the War Industries Board, has asked the Kentucky Council of Defense to act as its representative in passing upon proposed construction, in order that all building, which is not absolutely necessary may be stopped. This is part of the new plan of the War Industries Board, by which permits from the board will be required for all construction projects, with a few exceptions relating principally to government work. Permits are not required for repairs on extensions to existing buildings involving in the aggregate a cost not exceeding \$2,500. The Kentucky Council of Defense, through the County Councils of Defense, has undertaken to carry out this request. The procedure will be as follows:

1. The person interested in a construction project will apply, with a full statement of the facts, under oath, to the County Council of Defense.

2. The County Council of Defense will then investigate the necessity of the proposed construction, and transmit its recommendation with a summary of the facts to the State Council of Defense for review.

3. The State Council of Defense will review the case.

a. If the State Council decides in favor of the construction, it will at once send its recommendation, with a full statement of all the facts to the Non-War Construction Section of the Priorities Division of the War Industry Board; the Non-War Construction Section will then grant, or withhold the permit, and notify the Kentucky Council of Defense, and also the individual concerned, of its action.

b. If the Kentucky Council decides against the proposed construction, it will notify the person concerned that his project has been disapproved.

As all manufacturers and dealers of building material have been advised that persons desiring to build must obtain permits before building material is delivered, you will understand the immediate importance of this plan. Every building now under construction, as well as those in contemplation, is affected thereby. It is not too much to say that the success of the entire Priorities System of the Government will, under this plan, depend upon the County Councils of Defense, because with the County Councils rests the first responsibility in the matter of granting or withholding consent.

944 UNIVERSITY MEN IN COUNTRY'S SERVICE

The Registrar of the University of Kentucky is preparing a list of men now actually in the service of the Allies of the student body and alumni of the University. The list as it now stands contains 944 names. The list will be sent to the men and their parents before it is given out for publication in order that any necessary corrections may be made before it is sent out. Request for correct information will be sent with the list.

The first class enlisted is 1902. From that to 1918 the only class omitted is 1905. Men of the University have enlisted in the navy, marines, aviation, field artillery, coast artillery, quartermaster's signal corps, hospital, ordnance, medical, infantry, cavalry, radio and engineers. The list includes two colonels; five lieutenant colonels; six majors; 42 captains; 103 first lieutenants; 112 second lieutenants; 22 lieutenants (grade not stated); non-commissioned and privates, 653. Included in the non-commissioned and privates are fifty-eight sergeants and fifty-six corporals. Officers from the alumni are: one colonel; four lieutenant colonels; three majors; thirty captains; fifty-three first lieutenants and forty-eight second lieutenants.